Application No.: 10/766,468

Attorney Docket No.: 07044.0002-00000

SURFACE MOUNT OPTOELECTRONIC COMPONENT

FIELD OF INVENTION

The invention relates to a surface mount optoelectronic component. The component is designed to be able to serve multiple modes of illumination[[;]], top, side, and bottom, depending on the method of mounting. The mounting Mounting connections are provided by [[the]] an inherent electrically conductive base material. No mechanical forming processes [[is]] are required to produce the desired mounting connection. The invention is also capable of higher heat dissipation due to the thicker base material [[used]] and [[the]] a heat sink incorporated into the design.

**BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION** 

In order to fulfill the different customers' requirements, different <u>surface mount optoelectronic</u> component configurations are available in the market today. Two key physical variations

normally discussed for optoelectronic components are illumination direction and lead bending.

For illumination direction, customers may opt for either [[the]] <u>a</u> top or side illumination version.

As the name implies, top illuminators have an illumination source on [[the]] a top portion of the

optoelectronic component surface, while side illuminators have a source on [[the]] a side surface

of the optoelectronic component. The choice depends very much on the application itself.

However, each of these configurations is unique in terms of physical dimension and is not

interchangeable. Customers are expected to order the specific type of configuration for their

needs.

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As for lead bending, common versions available in the market include [[the]] J-bend, gull-wing, reverse gull-wing, [[and]] etc. These are the configurations <u>used</u> for <u>connecting</u> the mounting connections [[onto]] <u>to</u> sub-systems, such as PCBs. Based on current market information[[;]], there are still no surface mount optoelectronic packages <u>available</u> that do not require mechanical forming <u>processes</u> to create the desired mounting connections.

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**BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS** 

The drawings enclosed are as follows:

Figure 1A is a three-dimensional top view of the invention.

Figure IB is a three-dimensional bottom view of the invention.

Figure 2 is a cross sectional view of the invention depicting [[the]] an assembly consisting of

including a base material, a plastic housing, an optoelectronic chip, and a cavity within the

plastic housing, which is filled by a transparent or translucent resin material.

Figure 3 shows the invention being mounted onto a PCB sub-system using [[the]] side

protrusions as a means for electrical connection.

Figure 4 shows the invention being mounted onto a PCB sub-system, similar to Figure [[C]] 3,

but on a reverse orientation so as to provide bottom illumination.

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DETAIL DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a surface mount optoelectronic component.

With reference to the invention, the optoelectronic component is based on [[the]] surface mount

technology. A thick, electrically conductive material (1), preferably a metal frame, is used to

serve as [[the]] a base material for the assembly. An opaque plastic material (2) is used to

provide the housing for the whole component. A cavity (5) is designed within the plastic

material. An optoelectronic chip (3) is mounted within this cavity. This cavity is filled with a

hard transparent or translucent resin material so that optical radiation may be transmitted or

received via this window. Electrical connection(s) between the optoelectronic chip (3) and the

base material (1) is/are provided by a metallic wire (4).

Subsequent connections to [[the]] external sub-systems, such as PCBs, are provided by the base

material (1) itself[[;]], typically by soldering. No extra mechanical forming processes are

necessary to create the external connections. The base material (1) extends all the way from

[[the]] a middle portion of the optoelectronic component to [[the]] a bottom surface (8), and to

one of the side walls surfaces (7); until the extend of, ultimately extending and protruding

outside the plastic package. The bottom surface (8) will be is used for connection when a top

illuminator is required. Alternatively, one of the side surfaces (7) could be used for connection

[[if]] when the optoelectronic component is used as a side illuminator. This feature ultimately

vields to a universal package design for optoelectronic components, where both the top and side

illumination capabilities are combined into one single package. The base material can also

protrude[[s]] to [[the]] other side[[s]] surfaces of the optoelectronic component, with protrusions

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(6) formed in the side surface of the package [[(6)]]. These protrusions (6) act as heat sinks to

improve heat dissipation from the optoelectronic component.

In another mounting configuration, these the side protrusions (6) can also be used as a means of

connection to external surfaces, such as PCBs, as illustrated in Figures [[C]] 3 and [[D]] 4. In

this case such a mounting configuration, the component will sit sits in[[to]] the sub-system i.e.

PCB and can be used for either top and also or bottom illumination. This mounting

configuration will reduce reduces the height profile of the optoelectronic component above the

sub-system, since a portion of the optoelectronic component is below the sub-system's surface.

The other two exposed surfaces (7) and (8) will then act as heat sinks instead when used in such

manner mounting configuration.

Inherent in the design[[,]] is that no lead forming is formations are required since the external

connections are provided by the base material (1) itself. This feature eliminates mechanical

stresses that are typically subjected to the package during conventional forming processes.

Consequently, the package robustness and reliability is greatly enhanced.

Another inherent feature of this invention is [[its]] the relatively thicker base material compared

to other corresponding products in the market. This, coupled with the 'heat sinks' heat sinks,

greatly improves the package's ability to dissipate heat. Higher current or power could can also

be applied to the devices to yield better performance.

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SURFACE MOUNT OPTOELECTRONIC COMPONENT

**ABSTRACT** 

The invention relates to a surface mount optoelectronic component. A thick, electrically

conductive material [[(1)]] is used to serve as [[the]] a base material for the assembly. An

opaque plastic material [[(2)]] is used to provide [[the]] housing for the whole component. A

cavity [[(5)]] formed on [[the]] a top surface of the optoelectronic component is designed within

the plastic material. An optoelectronic chip [[(3)]] is mounted within this cavity. This cavity is

filled with a hard transparent or translucent resin material so that optical radiation may be

transmitted or received via this window. Electrical connection(s) between the chip and the base

material is/are provided by a metallic wire (4). Subsequent connections to [[the]] external sub-

systems, such as PCBs, are provided by the base material itself. No extra mechanical forming

processes are necessary to create the connections. The base material extends all the way from

[[the]] a middle portion to [[the]] a bottom [[(8)]] surface of the optoelectronic component, and

to one of the side walls (7); until the extend of surfaces, ultimately extending and protruding

outside the package. The bottom surface (8) will be is used for connection when a top

illuminator is required. Alternatively, one of the side surfaces [[(7)]] could be used for

connection [[if]] when the optoelectronic component is used as a side illuminator.

The Most Illustrative Drawing: Figure 1A